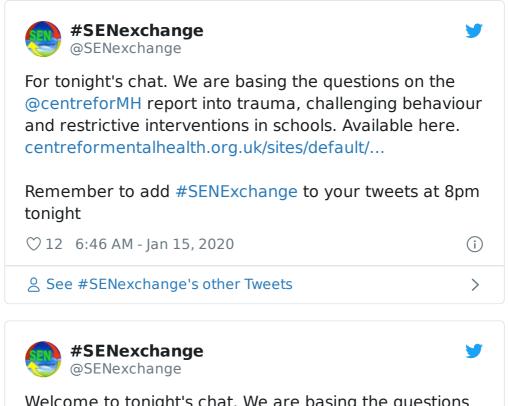
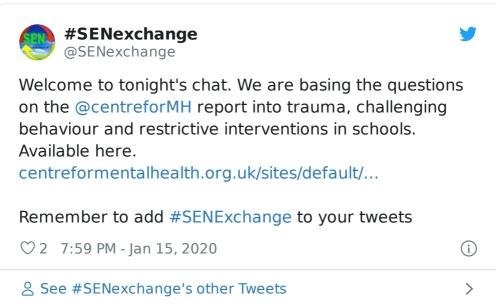
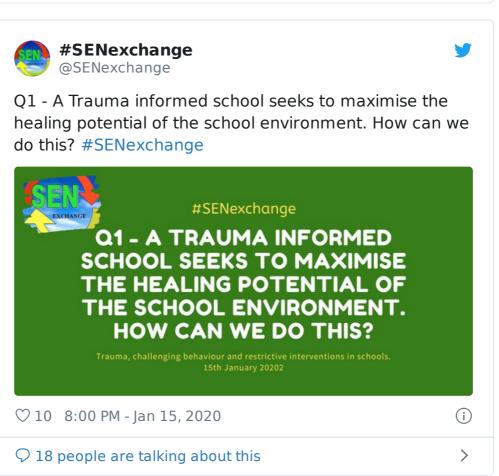
UMAN INTERACTIONS, PASSION AND A DRIVE TO SUCCEED ARE Trauma, Challenging Behaviour and Restrictive Practice. SENexchange

Discussion in January 2020







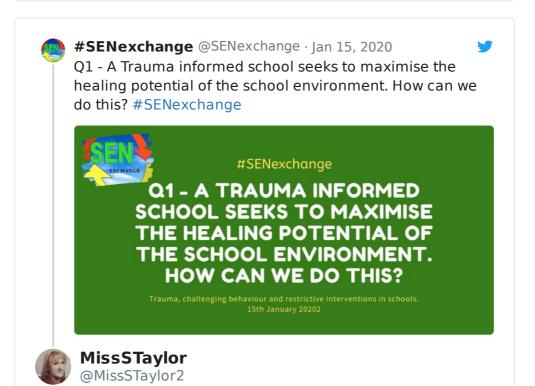


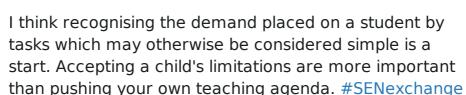




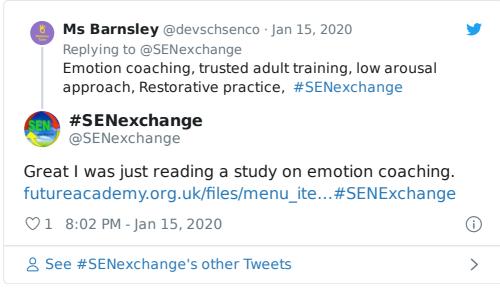






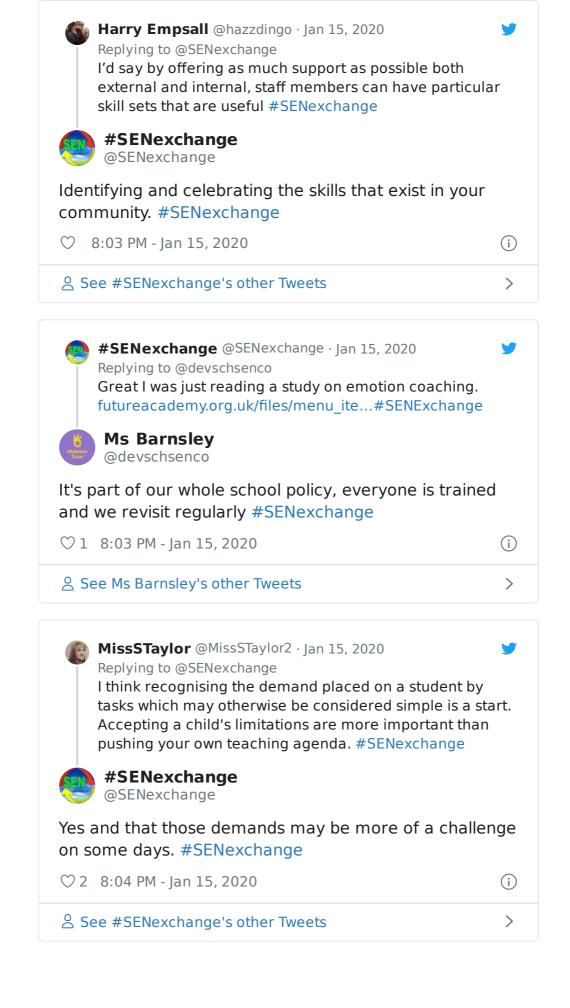


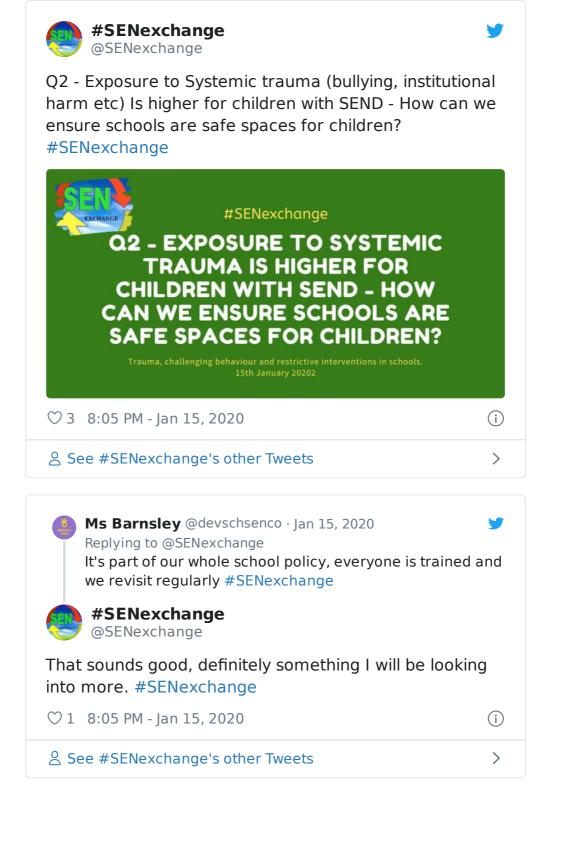
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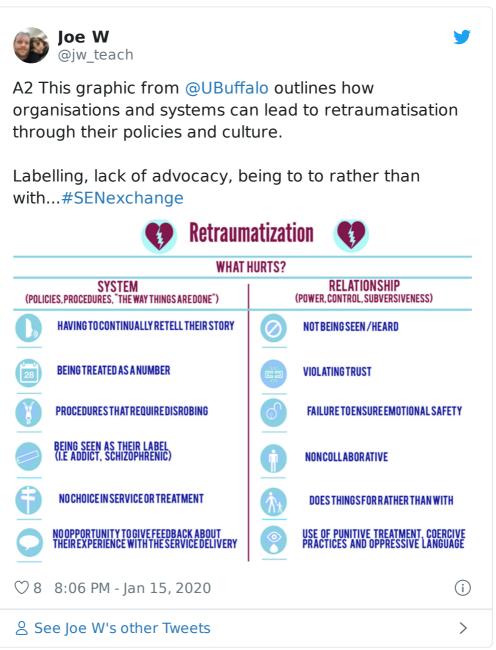




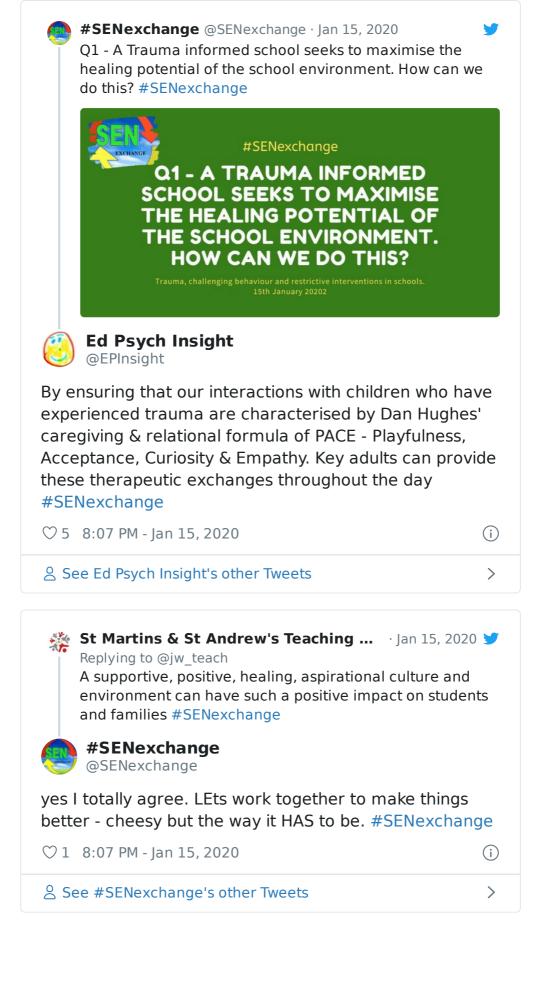


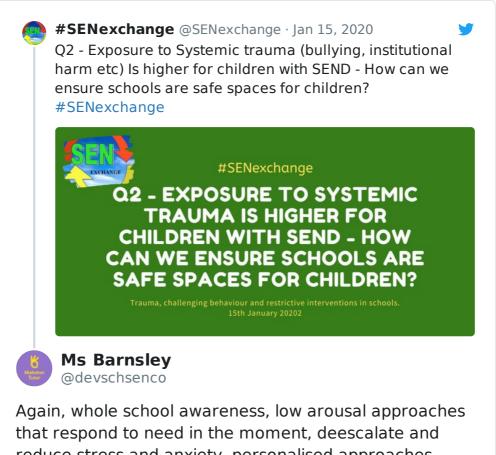












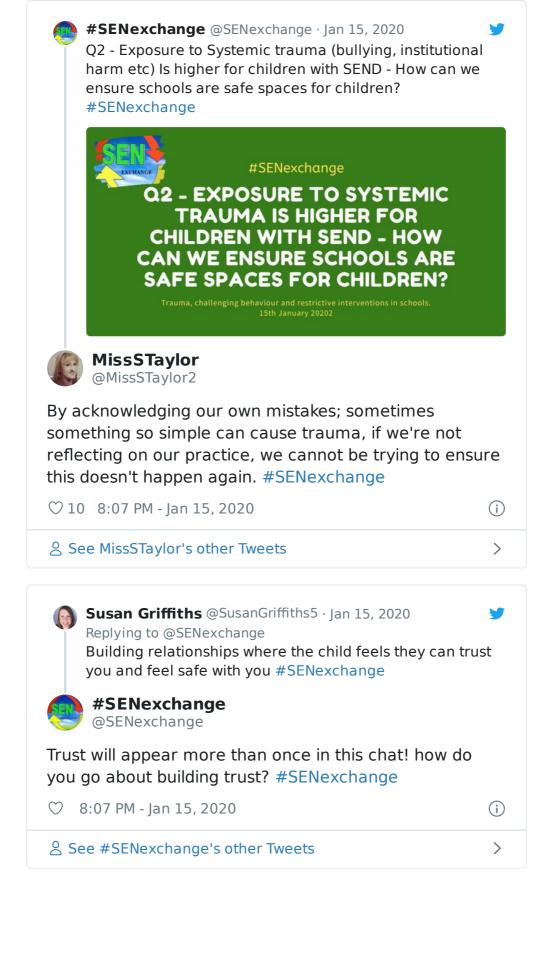
reduce stress and anxiety, personalised approaches, taking sensory aspects into account #SENexchange

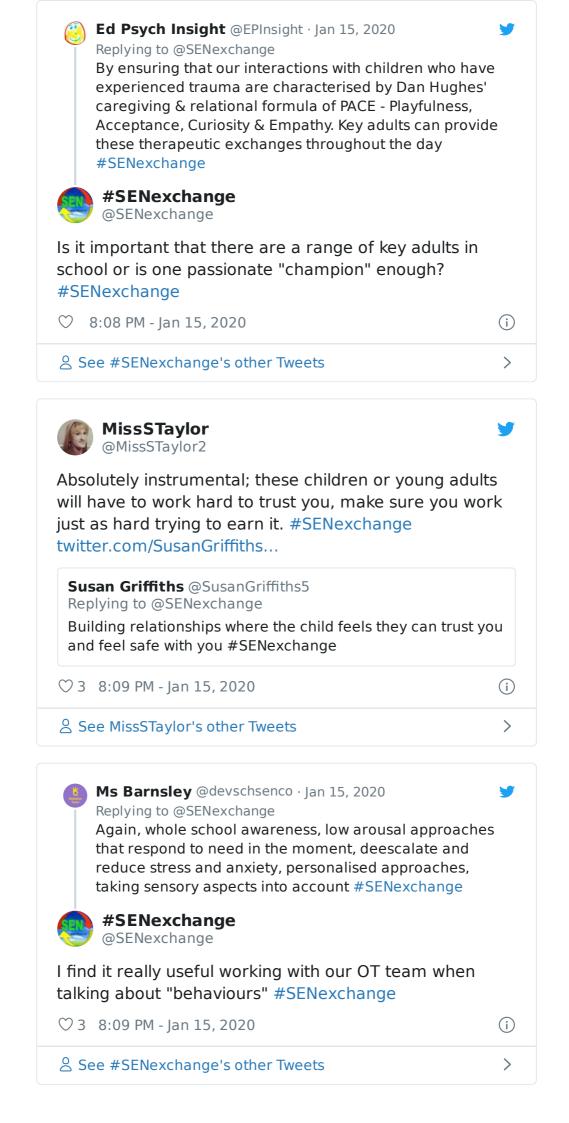
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See Ms Barnsley's other Tweets

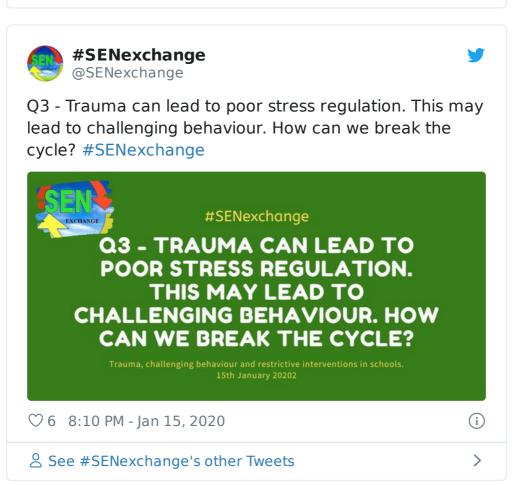




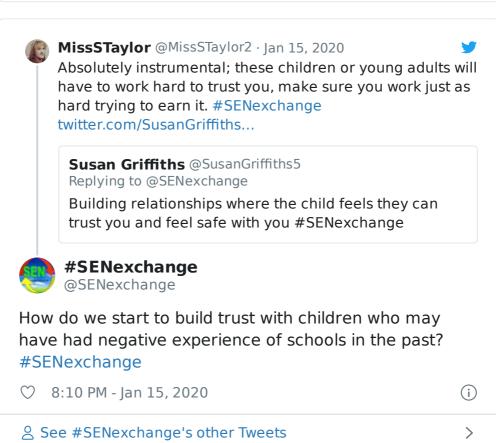


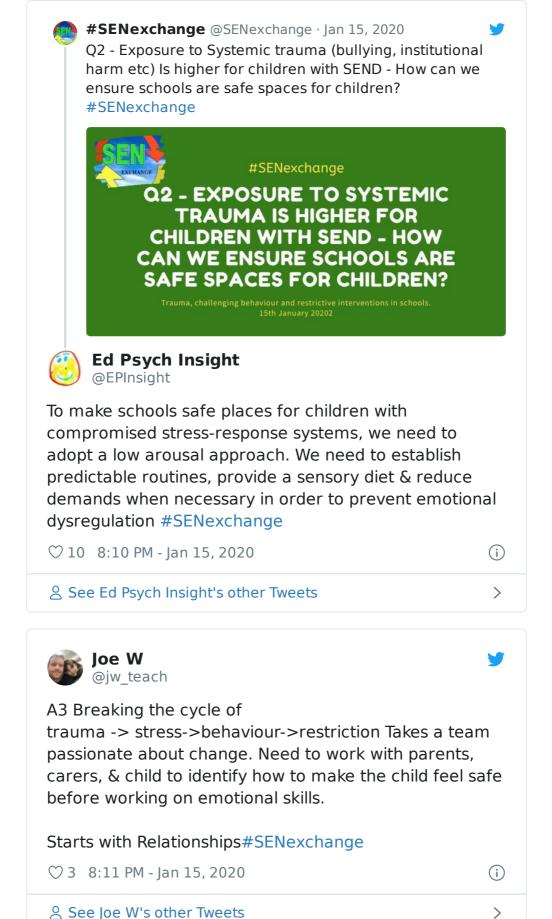


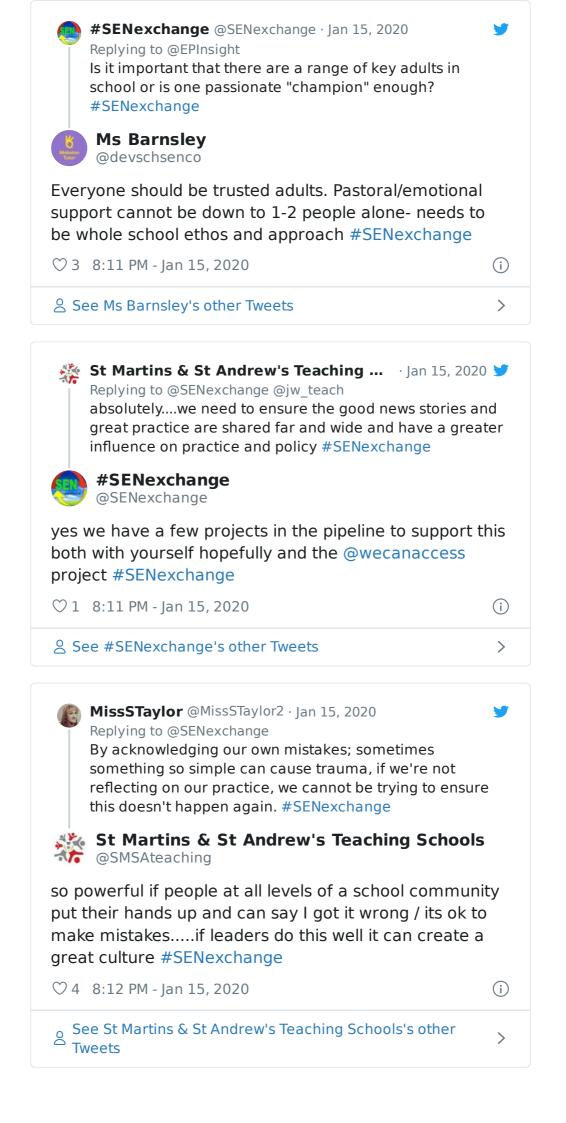






















This graphic from @EPInsight gives some clear, simple ways to reframe behaviour through a trauma lens. Takes the focus off of "managing" the child. #SENexchange

"WHAT IF?"

EdPsychInsight

USING A TRAUMA-INFORMED LENS

"This is just manipulation"

TO REFRAME BEHAVIOUR

What if the child is using behaviours which helped them stay noticed or survive in another environment? What if they learnt to prioritise their own needs? Try: giving them opportunities to exert control; providing responsibilities which help them feel valued; using reassuring commentaries or visual schedules to make daily routines structured and predictable

What if the child has been starved of attention in the past? What if the child wants to be remembered? Try: regular check-ins; explicit communication about separations; transitional objects as a concrete representation of your connection with the child

What if the child can't regulate their emotions as well as other children their age? What if they have lacked the sensitive, responsive and attuned interactions needed for taming the amygdala?

Try: a settling morning routine; visual comm about changes and transitions; a daily sensory diet; reducing demands when their stress is elevated.

"They have no respect for authority

What if the child has experienced a lack of respect and dignity in past relationships? What if they need to learn to trust you? Try: making time to talk about their interests; finding moments for shared humour; communicating acceptance and empathy for their feelings.

What if the child has missed out on the period of healthy dependency on a caregiving adult? What if the bonds of attachment were disrupted by neglect, abuse and separation?

Try: getting alongside to convey safety and give encouragement; breaking down tasks into smaller steps; modelling and visualising organisational skills.

"Praise and rewards never seem to work"

What if praise is too abstract for a child with a younger developmental age? What if the child feels shame about failing to earn a reward? Try: non-verbal methods of showing warmth and approval; giving indirect feedback to a group of peers; scheduling time for play and relaxation as part of a preventative approach to emotional regulation.

♥ 11 8:13 PM - Jan 15, 2020



See Joe W's other Tweets

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#SENexchange @SENexchange · Jan 15, 2020



Q3 - Trauma can lead to poor stress regulation. This may lead to challenging behaviour. How can we break the cycle? #SENexchange



#SENexchange

Q3 - TRAUMA CAN LEAD TO POOR STRESS REGULATION. THIS MAY LEAD TO CHALLENGING BEHAVIOUR. HOW CAN WE BREAK THE CYCLE?



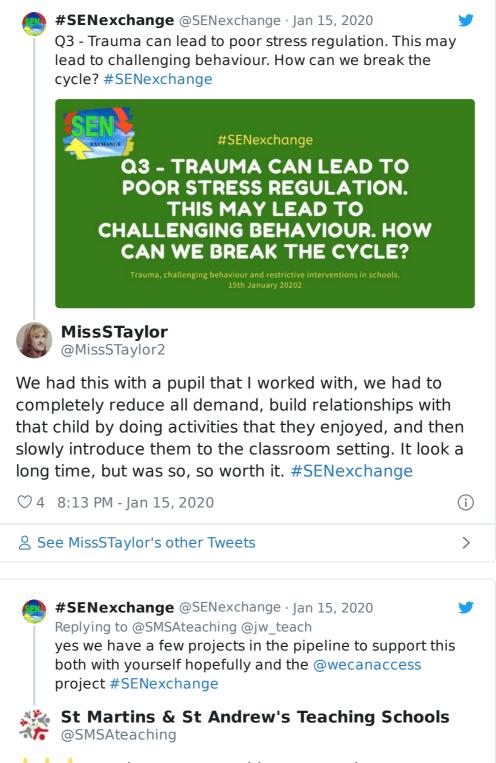
Ms Barnsley

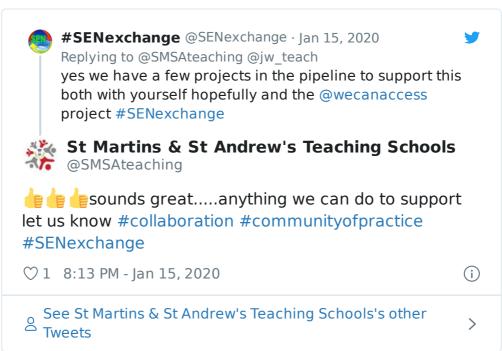
@devschsenco

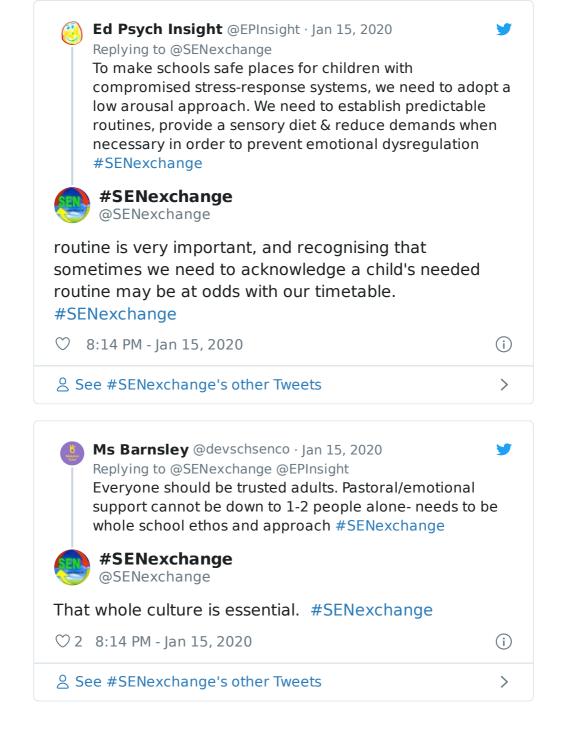
Coregulation, leading to eventual self regulation. Making sure we do the restorative and/or problem solving aspects with children #SENexchange

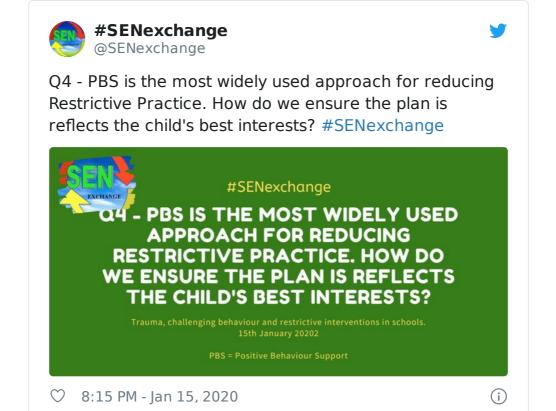
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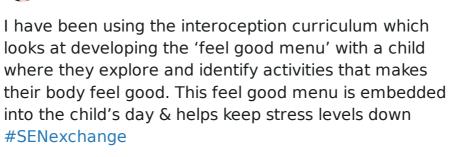












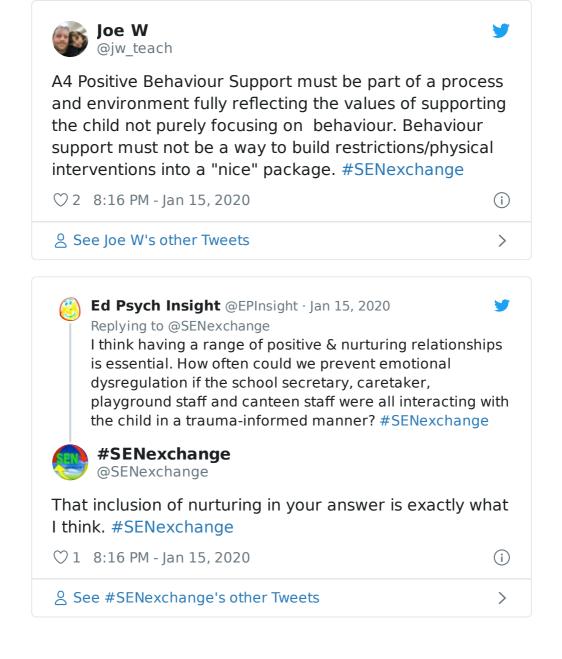
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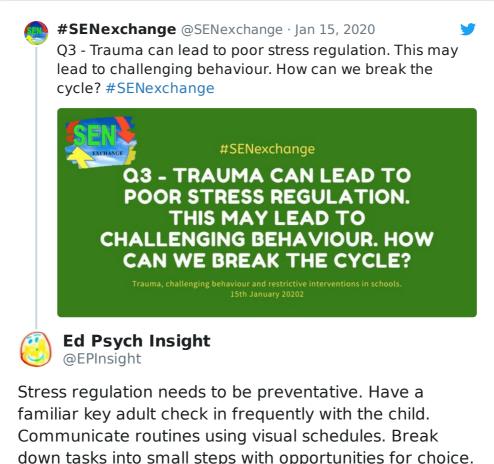
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See Susan Griffiths's other Tweets





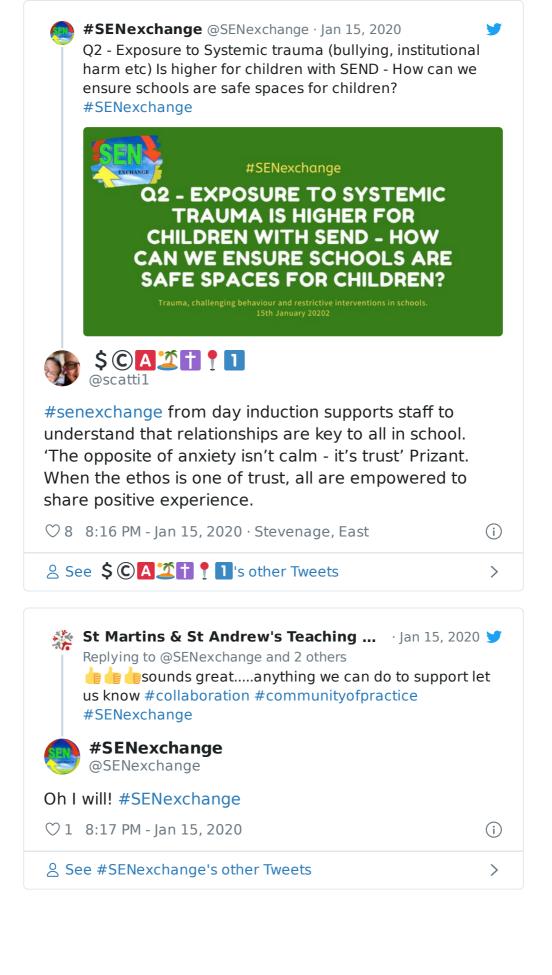
down tasks into small steps with opportunities for choice. Provide movement breaks & proprioceptive input **#SENexchange**

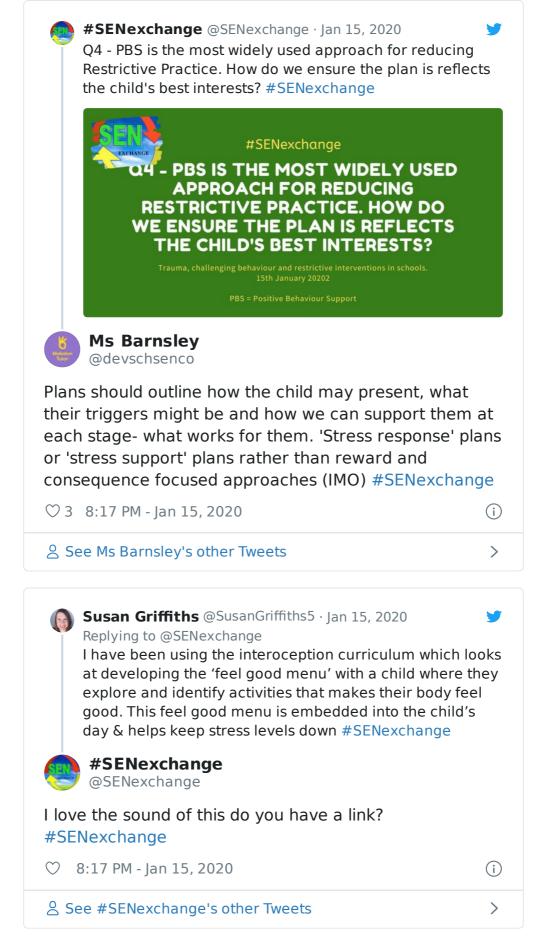
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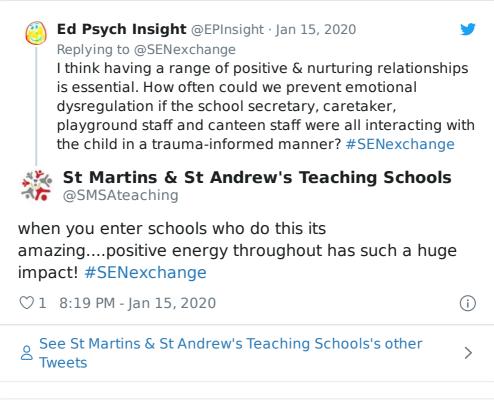


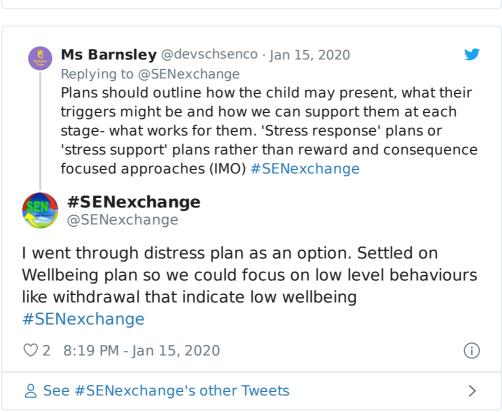
See Ed Psych Insight's other Tweets

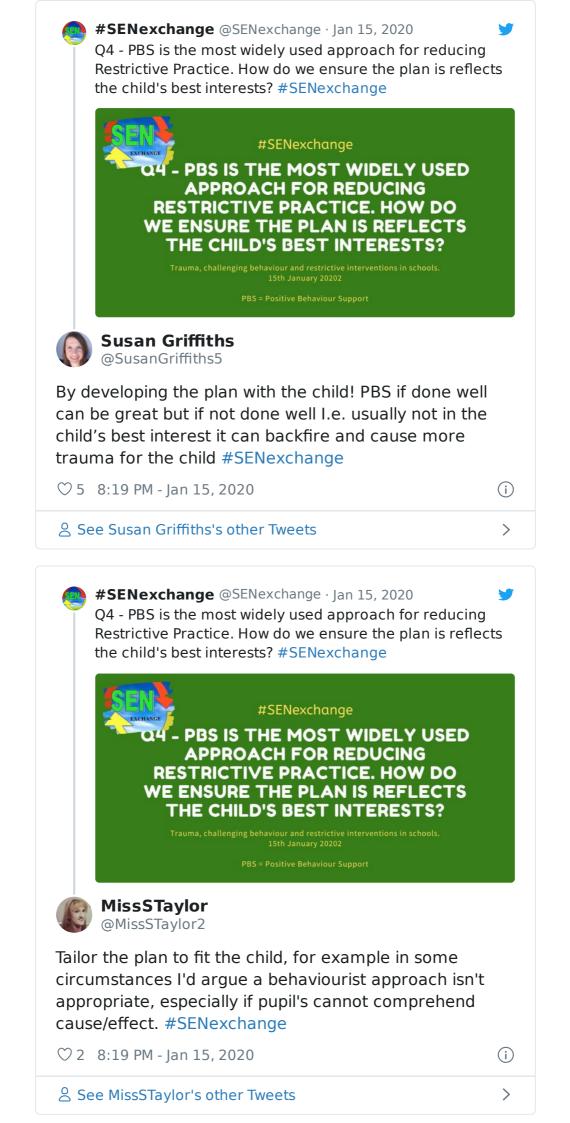
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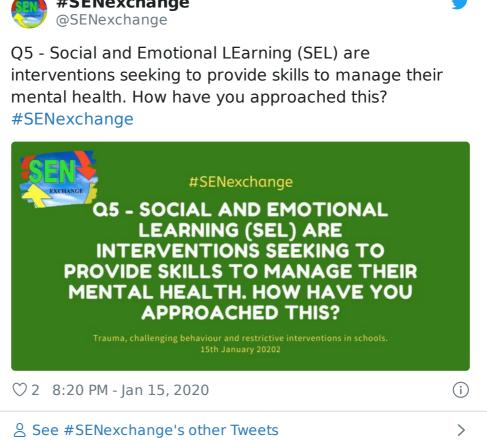




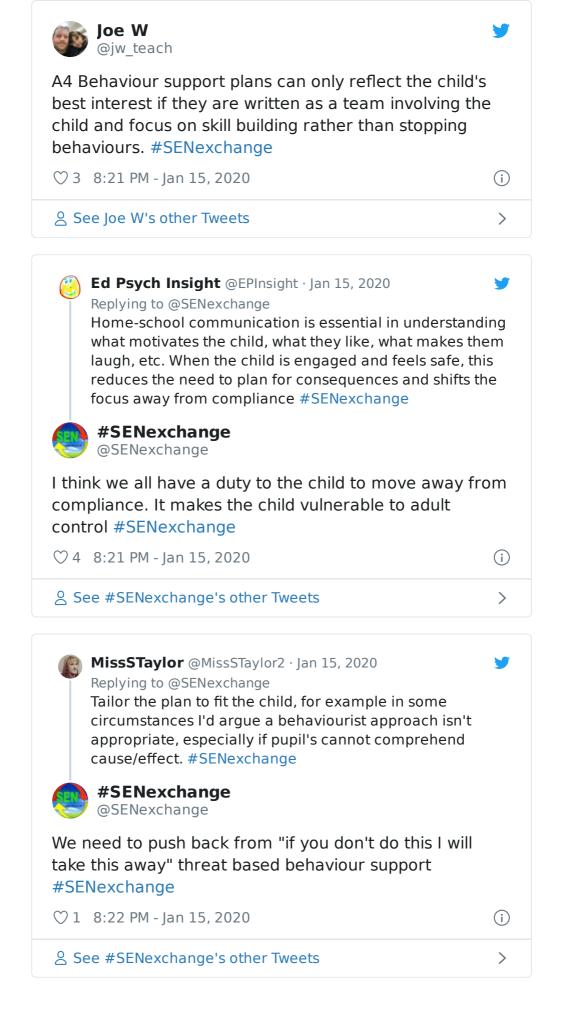








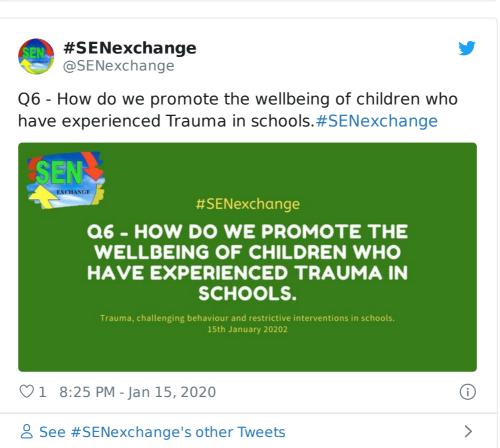


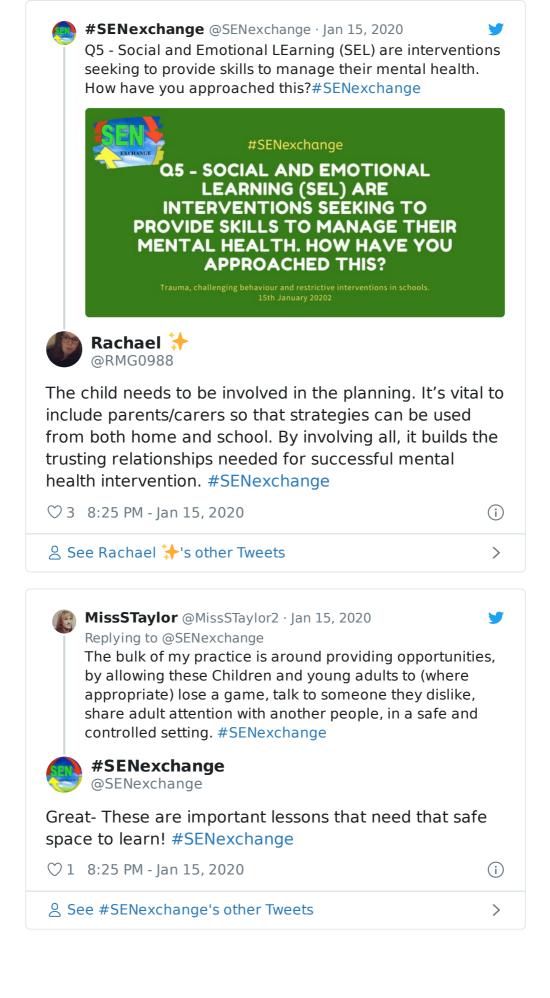






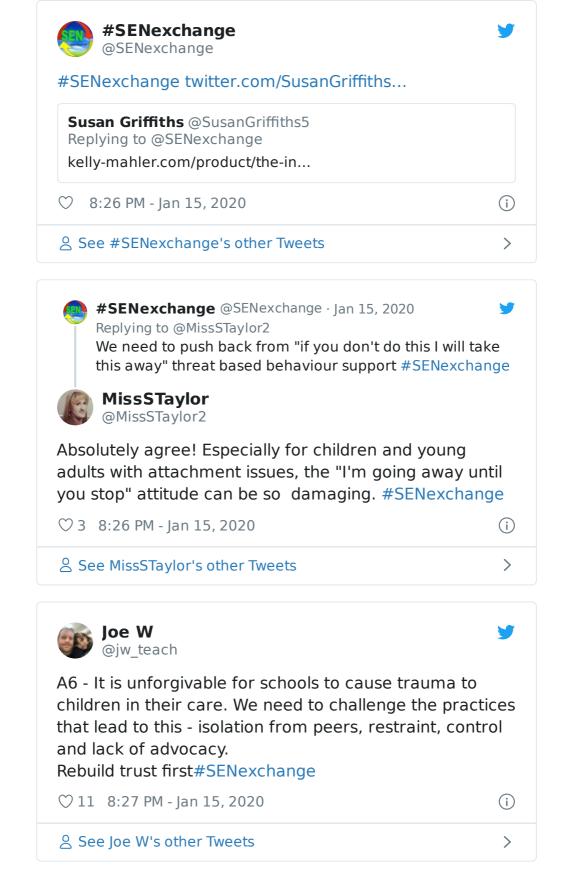
















Susan Griffiths @SusanGriffiths5 · Jan 15, 2020



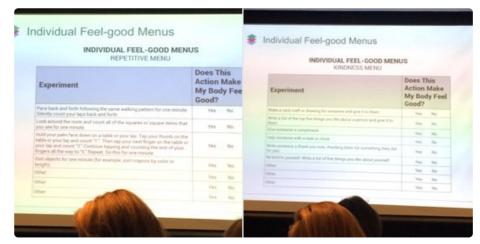
I have been using the interoception curriculum which looks at developing the 'feel good menu' with a child where they explore and identify activities that makes their body feel good. This feel good menu is embedded into the child's day & helps keep stress levels down #SENexchange



Susan Griffiths

@SusanGriffiths5

These are examples of some of the activities we do with the children. Once we identified a range of feel good activities that makes the child feel good we then build it in to their school day #SENexchange

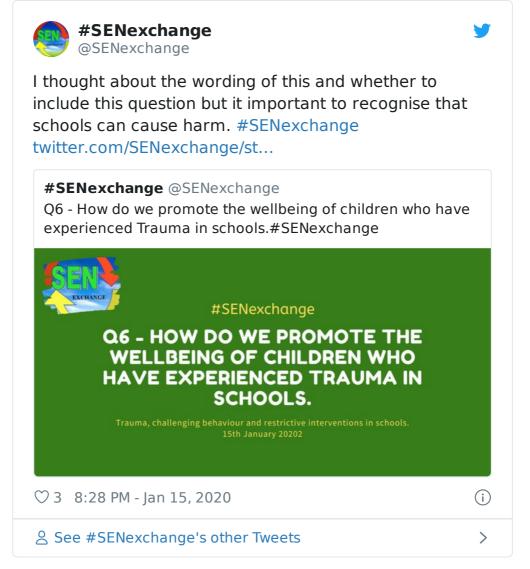


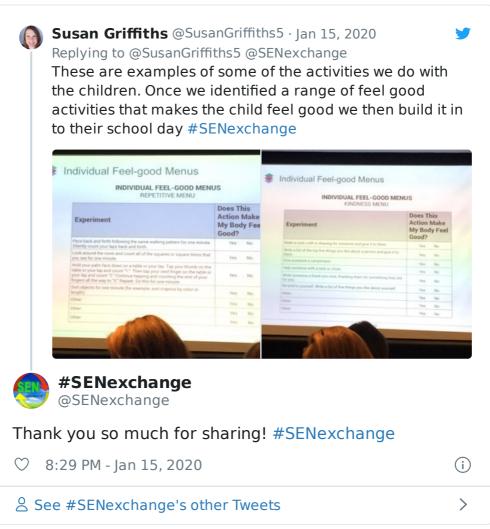
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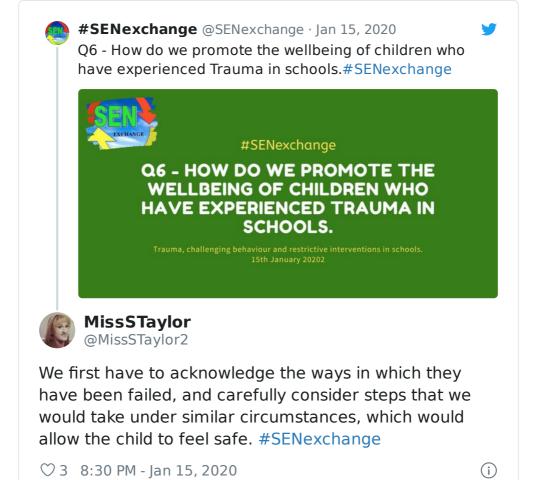
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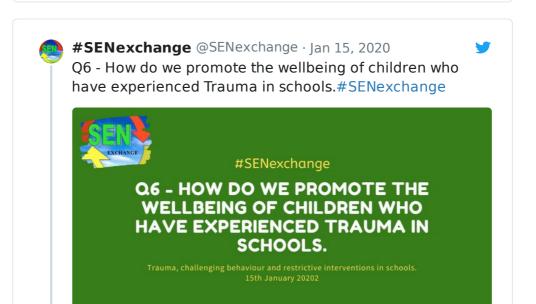
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See MissSTaylor's other Tweets

Place the emphasis on connection. Find time to talk about their interests, share a joke, deliver praise and warmth (verbally or non-verbally), give reminders of their past success and empathise when things are hard. When it comes to behaviour, "Connect & Redirect" #SENexchange

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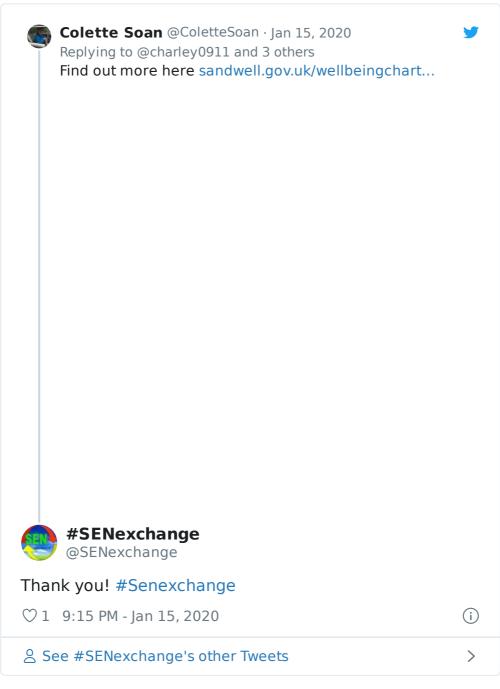
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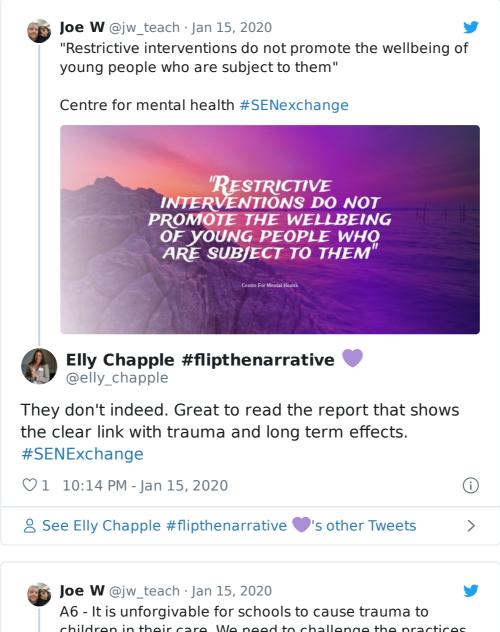
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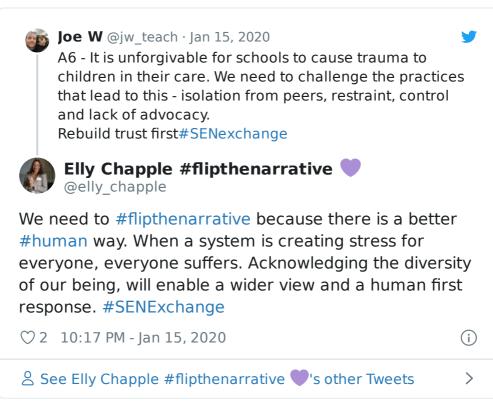














#SENExchange

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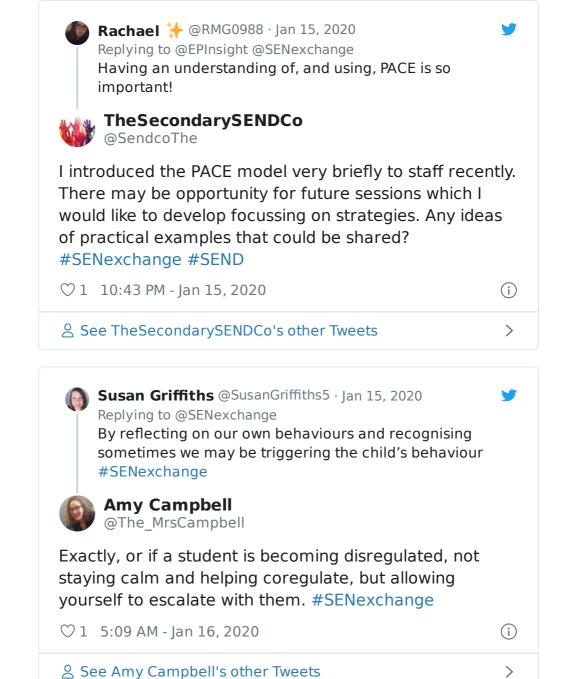


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See Elly Chapple #flipthenarrative "'s other Tweets







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